

THE DYING WAIL

Of the Pennsylvania Democracy at Harrisburg Yesterday.

SINGLERLY NAMED FOR GOVERNOR

By Acclamation and John S. Rilling for Lieutenant Governor—The Platform Denies Democratic Responsibility—Reinforces the Chicago Platform, Ignoring the Fact That It is a Dead Letter—Lawless Strikers Denounced.

HARRISBURG, PA., June 27.—The Democratic state convention was called to order by Chairman Stranahan at 12:10. The hall was decorated with bunting in which the American colors predominated. The call was read by Secretary Nead, after which Chairman Stranahan announced the name of temporary officers, which had been selected yesterday by the state executive committee. Robert E. Wright, of Allentown, the temporary chairman, addressed the convention.

At 12:45 p. m. the convention took a recess until 2 p. m.

The convention reassembled at 2:25. The chairman of the committee on credentials reported in favor of John M. Norritt, the sitting delegate in the Fourteenth district, and George S. Fleming and T. M. Brophy, the contestants in the Fourth Allegheny district. The report was adopted and the committee on permanent organization reported that William H. Hensel, of Lancaster, had been selected for chairman.

The convention then proceeded to the nomination of candidates. H. Jones Monaghan, of Westchester, nominated William M. Singlerly, of Philadelphia, for governor. The nomination was seconded by Maurice F. Withor, of Philadelphia, and Mr. Singlerly was nominated by acclamation.

John S. Rilling, of Erie, was then nominated for lieutenant governor unanimously.

Ex-Judge Joseph C. Bucher, of Lewisburg, and H. K. Sloan, of Indiana, were nominated for congressmen at large.

David H. Magee, of Lancaster, was nominated for auditor general and Gen. W. W. Greenland for secretary of internal affairs.

Following is the platform adopted:

THE RESOLUTIONS.

The Democracy of Pennsylvania renews their expression of faith in Democratic principles; and their unflinching confidence that these principles are efficient for good government, municipal, state and federal.

First—The derangement of business, the disturbances between labor and capital, the unequal distribution of profits in economic operations and the gross disparity in social conditions which have resulted from the operation of Republican laws will continue so long as those laws are unrepented. The McKinley tariff bill is in full operation. The enactment of that tariff in 1890 impaired international exchange of commodities and reduced revenues arising from duties; which, with vastly increased expenses through improvident appropriations anticipating future revenues, led to a deficit in the income necessary to support the government. A Democratic administration left \$100,000,000 surplus in the federal treasury. A Republican successor, in four years, converted this into a deficit of \$30,000,000. We declare that this condition has followed Republican administrations, and that business depression has resulted from vicious legislation, for which the Republican party is surely responsible. To correct and relieve these a Democratic President and a Democratic Congress are pledged; and their efforts in that direction are entitled to the support of patriotic citizens regardless of party.

Second—We again endorse and approve the declarations of the Democratic national platform of 1892, upon which a Democratic President and Congress were elected and we desire and demand that the tariff laws be revised in accordance with that authoritative declaration of party principles.

Third—We declare that the consistent, courageous and inflexible determination of a Democratic President to maintain the credit of the government terminated a financial panic, restored confidence and composed disturbed values. We are opposed to the reckless inflation of the currency to forty dollars per capita demanded by the Republican state convention of 1893 and 1894; and while we favor the circulation of constitutional money, gold and silver at a parity of value, we are unalterably opposed to any debasement of the currency or to the depreciation of any dollar issued by the government to the people.

The fourth, fifth and sixth planks endorse the Cleveland and Patterson administration and condemn the Republican legislature for dereliction.

LAWLESSNESS DENOUNCED.

Seventh—We deplore all differences between employer and employee and we deplore the resort to force for settlement of questions that should be determined by peaceful arbitration. We recognize the right of every citizen to be protected in the free enjoyment of his property and of the privilege to work when, for whom and at what wages he will. It is the duty of the state to maintain for him that right. The highways of the commonwealth should be open to all who lawfully traverse them, and the path to proper employment should not be obstructed by any unauthorized power.

Eighth—None the less we condemn the insincerity and inconsistency of those who clamor loudly for protection to American industries and yet seek every occasion and lose no opportunity to supplant it with cheap, imported, pauper labor. We denounce the hypocrite who pretends zeal for the improvement of the social condition of the American workmen and yet displace and evicts them for aliens, ignorant of our laws and foreign to our institutions. We stand for the field enforcement of all the laws of the commonwealth enacted to protect the lives and preserve the health of wage earners, and to secure for them the prompt and regular payment of their wages in money of undiminished purchasing power.

Ninth—We reassert the old Democratic doctrine of equal rights and religious liberty. We are opposed to all organizations which strike at freedom of conscience; and we declare that no party can justify by deemed national, constitutional or in accordance with American principles which is animated by a spirit of political proscription of religious intolerance.

Tenth—Extravagance of expenditure is municipal government is the direct result of Republican profligacy; and we urge upon the people of every city to enforce the salutary principles of economy in the use of public funds, and no permanent debts for temporary purposes.

Eleventh—In accordance with the recommendation of the Democratic national committee the Democratic state, county and city organizations of Pennsylvania are advised and directed to further by every means in their power in their power the institution of regular Democratic societies in every election district and the union of such societies in the Democratic society of the state and the national association of Democratic clubs.

AN ELECTRIC RAILROAD

From Washington to New York City. A Speed of 120 Miles an Hour.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 27.—A project for an electric railroad between Washington and New York City has been brought before Congress in a bill for the incorporation of the National Rapid Transit Railroad Company. Representative, Hemphill, of South Carolina, and Washington capitalists are interested in the road. They claim the limits of speed by steam locomotion have been reached, while by electricity a speed of one hundred and twenty miles an hour is practicable. Only one third of the land necessary for right of way for a steam road will be required and they think the mails will soon be carried by electricity.

MASKED BURGARS

Blind and Gag a Pittsburgh Lady While They Rob the House.

PITTSBURGH, PA., June 27.—Two masked men entered the west end residence of Thomas Wightman, Jr., general manager of the Wightman Glass Company, at 9 o'clock last night, and after blinding, gagging and chloroforming Mrs. Wightman, robbed her of \$30. They then started to ransack the house, but before securing anything else of value were frightened off by the ringing of the door bell. When Mr. Wightman returned several hours later he found his wife still securely tied. She was not seriously injured.

COST OF THE COKE STRIKE.

Over a Million Lost, Half of Which is in Wages.

UNIONTOWN, PA., June 27.—The coke strike bids fair to outlive all its predecessors in expense. The actual cost is thought to aggregate \$1,000,000. Of this sum the men have lost in wages \$584,000 and the operators nearly a half million more in the payment of deputies of loss of strike evictions and importation of new men. The strike is believed to have been broken and a general resumption is expected in a short time.

What Coxeyites Cost.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 27.—The attorney general to-day sent to the senate through the secretary of the treasury a request for a deficiency appropriation of \$125,000, in lieu of \$50,000 asked for some time ago. This amount, it is estimated, will be required to meet the expense incurred by the United States marshals and officers of the department of justice in the arrest and punishment of Coxeyites in the west, charged with stealing trains over which the government has jurisdiction.

Rochester & Pittsburgh Men Will Work.

PENNSYLVANIA, PA., June 27.—The miners of the Rochester & Pittsburgh Coal and Iron Company had a mass meeting in a grove centrally located between the different mines and the matter of accepting the terms of the compromise were discussed in its different phases and the compromise accepted. Work will be commenced as soon as the mines can be put in shape. They also agreed to allow any one who desired to go to work at once to repair the mines.

Vote to Continue the Strike.

MOUNT OLIVE, ILL., June 27.—The miners have decided to continue the suspension by a vote of 256 to 10. The Madison company tried to get enough men to operate their mines, but failed. As the Consolidated Coal Company and the Madison Coal Company, who own the mines here, have been the most obstinate to recognize the miners' demand, the men do not like to give up.

Miners Get All They Ask For.

MASSILLON, O., June 27.—Sub-district President Mullen announced to-day that he had effected a settlement of all differences in the Palmyra, or Portage county, district and that the miners returned to work this morning at 67½ cents per ton. The miners, he says, got all they asked.

The Boycott at Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, June 27.—At noon to-day the first sign of the Pullman boycott was observed here. Pullman cars were not moved in the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton yards after 12 o'clock and no immediate attempts were made in the yards of other roads.

Money Order Offices.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 27.—At least two hundred money order offices will be established throughout the United States on July 2.

Among the number of new unlimited offices are: Ohio 3; Pennsylvania 1; West Virginia 4.

A Good Appetite

Always accompanies good health, and an absence of appetite is an indication of something wrong. The universal testimony given by those who have used Hood's Sarsaparilla, as to its merits in restoring the appetite, and as a purifier of the blood, constitutes the strongest recommendation that can be urged for any medicine.

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills, biliousness, jaundice, indigestion, sick headache. 25c.

SEASHORE EXCURSION.

Low Rates to Popular Ocean Resort via Pennsylvania Short Lines.

On July 7, 8 and 9, low rate excursion tickets to Asbury Park will be sold via Pennsylvania Short Lines, account National Educational Association meeting. Asbury Park is adjacent to Ocean Grove, Long Branch, Atlantic City, Cape May, and other delightful resorts on the New Jersey Coast. Excursion tickets will be good going and returning via Baltimore and Washington, with stop-over privileges. Return limit—stop-over privileges. This will be an example for side trips. This will be an excellent opportunity for a vacation trip to the principal summer resorts of the east at slight cost. For details apply to nearest Pennsylvania Line Ticket Agent, or address F. Van Dusen, Chief Assistant General Passenger Agent, Pittsburgh, Pa.

To the Lake Resorts of Michigan and the Northwest.

Tourist tickets to Mt. Clemens, Mackinac, Potoskey, Charlevoix, St. Clair, Muskegon, Gogebic Lake, Mackinaw City and cool retreats in Northern Michigan, are on sale at Pennsylvania Line ticket offices. Also tourist tickets to Ashland, Pelican Lake, Devil's Lake, Waukegan and other lake resorts in the Northwest via Chicago. For details apply to nearest Pennsylvania Line ticket agent.

A HOWLING MOB

Of Italians in San Francisco—A Meeting Called to Express Sympathy With France Breaks Up in a Riot—The Leader A Mob Killed.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 27.—An Italian mass meeting, which nearly ended in a bloody riot, was held in Garibaldi hall last night for the purpose of expressing regret for the assassination of President Carnot. Garibaldi hall is in the heart of the Italian quarter. It was packed long before the time set for the meeting. The crowd was unruly, and there was considerable shouting, whistling and busting. With the advent of the speakers of the evening the trouble began. Joseph Caligaris, the chairman, is one of the leading men of the Italian colony, and is looked upon as a broad, fair and liberal-minded man. He took his place on a narrow platform at the rear of the hall, but for some reason could not make himself heard on account of the hubbub and the shouts that came up from the mob in the streets below.

Two policemen in uniform who were in the body of the hall moved up in front of the platform. Their action and the cries of "shame," and silence, from the few sober men in the hall had the effect of bringing about comparative quiet. The chairman said that the meeting had been called for the purpose of giving the Italian residents of San Francisco an opportunity of expressing their sympathy for the French people in their grief because of the loss of the President. Then bedlam broke loose. The crowd that for a few moments had been quiet was transformed in a moment into a mob of howling, screaming, hooting maniacs. Those behind pressed forward and the crush near the platform was something frightful.

Shouts and screams of "Down with the French," and "Italy forever," came from half a thousand throats at once, and uproar was so great that the answering yells from the streets below could not be heard. It was as though pandemonium had broken loose, and the men had for the time been transformed into yelling, gesticulating demons.

So great was the noise and so tremendous was the press that the speaker was forced off the platform. This was the signal for those in the rear, and had not the two policemen interposed at this critical moment a tragedy might have been the result. As it was, the two policemen, partly by their authority and partly by the weight of body, prevented the mob from crushing the speaker. Never for a moment did the shouts and curses cease.

The critical moment arrived when Chairman Caligaris attempted to leave the hall. With a policeman in front and one behind him, a way was forced through the excited mass of men as far as the doors. The two policemen drew their clubs and defended the stairs until Caligaris had reached the lower landing, when they were themselves forced down by the press from within the hall. When Caligaris reached the street he was still far from safety. The mob, reinforced by hundreds of men who lined the streets, swelled the chorus to a wild yell, and without knowing whom they were pursuing, joined in a chase after Caligaris. It was a wild scene. Caligaris was pale from fright as the throng pressed upon him in fury. The police made a continuous fight. They placed their clubs, cracking many a head, and kept an open circle about Caligaris along Broadway to New Montgomery street and until he had reached the shelter of the Commercial hotel. Even here the man was not secure from the mob, for 100 of the rabble pressed their way in and had to be expelled by the police.

Mr. Caligaris and his friends were unable to account for the extraordinary action of the mob. Their idea, however, seemed to be that the trouble was due to a division of the Italian colony. The men composing one faction are laborers, in the other faction are merchants and capitalists. The first faction is opposed to the second on general principles, being indeed, permeated to some extent by the teachings of the Mafia, or at least so it was openly charged.

Charles Borro, an Italian resident, spoke for the riotous element as follows: "The people who assembled last night at the meeting felt that the protest and the condemnation of the assassination of President Carnot were out of place. The French made no protests or apologies when Crispi was assassinated by a Frenchman, and they have made no apologies for their treatment of the Italians at Lyons."

"It has cured others and will cure you. It is true only of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. The motto suits the medicine and the medicine the motto. What better assurance could you have that a remedy will cure you than the fact that it has cured such multitudes of others?"

REMNANTS of Silks, Velvets, Satins, etc., at

\$10 To Atlantic City Via Baltimore & Ohio Thursday, July 5, 1894.

Thursday, July 5, the Baltimore & Ohio will sell excursion tickets to Atlantic City at \$10 for the round trip. Tickets good twelve days, with stop off privilege at Washington, D. C., returning.



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150 pages on skin and scalp, care of the hair, preservation of the complexion, removal of moles, wrinkles, pimples, eruptions, hair, eczema and all skin blemishes. In short the result of 20 years' practical experience treating the skin. Price 10c, mailed.



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Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and \$1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

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